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# Some Views on film Music.

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# Some Views on Film Music

The conductor of the Cleveland Symphony Orchestra presents some challenging opinions concerning the function and force of much of the music that is heard in films. Is too much film music merely a mass of directionless schmalz? What does film music do for you as you look and listen? What do you think of that which you hear?

## ERICH LEINSDORF

I N motion pictures, music, generally speaking, is merely one of the many arts employed to create an effective production. Except in those pictures where music emerges naturally through the singing, playing, or dancing of one of the performers, it takes its place with photography, lighting, and costuming as an accessory to the dramatic content with the purpose of heightening the mood or special effects.

While this subordinate position is hard for a musician to accept, enough attention has been given to motion picture scores and enough composers have rearranged their movie works for concerts to make such consideration worth while.

Perhaps I have not seen enough movies to voice an opinion, but it seems to me that the most satisfactory scores have been in unrealistic or fantastic pictures. Realistic movies, I think, would do better to depend on actual sounds rather than musical imitations of them, on the noise of a train, for example, rather than on instrumental interpretation of the sound of its wheels.

I would say that the best cinema scores I have heard come from documentary movies where, apparently, the narrative technique gives the composer more scope than is provided by dramatic feature films. Some of these scores can stand alone as music. Their composers seem less trammelled by conventions, and create scores that are imaginative, timely, and individual.

There is a certain timidity and conservatism about almost all movie production that might explain this. Just as the morals and conventions of movie plots lag behind the actual mores of 1945, so does much movie music date back to the last century. Motion picture music avoids new ideas even as motion picture plot content avoids controversial subjects and original thinking. Consequently, the music that goes with romantic sequences is a dismal potpourri employing the glutinous conventions of the nineteenth century. The devices are hackneyed and out of date, but they are served up like a tour de force of passion and feeling, overdone and in bad taste. These sequences scarcely conceal their affinity to the hearts and flowers school, and I think the public will eventually criticize them out of existence.

One serious aspect of the problem is the effect that the motion picture industry is having on our music and musicians as a whole, When I was in Los Angeles recently, several young months later I had another assignmusicians came to me to talk about

going back into symphony orchestras. They had been working for a number of years exclusively in movie studios, where they were making fantastic sums of money, but where the work did not satisfy them musically. Such work means that the musicians take a little tune and record it over and over for ten or fifteen hours. They are well-paid hours, but the musical mind is not touched or satisfied.

Unfortunately, when I told these musicians how much they could expect to make with a symphony orchestra, their enthusiasm waned quickly. Certainly this means that more and more talent is being centered in the lucrative fields of movies and radio. Live orchestras compete with these industries on decidedly unequal terms, for only a minority of people find that better music and finer work compensate them for the sacrifice of higher wages.

I know one composer, however, who did forego his fancy Hollywood salary. When I asked him why it seemed impossible to find very good music in the moving pictures, he answered me with his own experiences. He said that he himself had left the movies because he felt they were doing him harm. "I started out," he said, "by having an assignment to compose a score for a big western movie. It was a good score, and everyone liked it, and it went well with the picture. And a few

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this is the process of combining all soundtracks into a well-balanced whole. The personnel consists of two or three sound mixers and-whenever possible-the original music recorder.

As the dialogue has been recorded with the filming of the action, the problem is now to add music and all natural sounds and noises essential to the scene without obscuring the dialogue. Unfortunately, the dubbers very seldom get the reels in chronological sequence and are thus unaware of the important part music plays in pointing up the dramatic action in certain scenes.

A first rehearsal is naturally a very crude affair, as the crew has to become familiar with the different soundtracks and their relative importance. The tendency toward realism often completely submerges the musical idiom. As a general rule, open spots without dialogue come through naturally as intended; also carefully written and orchestrated dialogue music has a chance to be heard if properly dubbed.

But unless the musical director, composer, or one of his associates is present in a supervisory capacity during the recording of all musical sequences it may turn out another case of love's labors lost. Even scenes that have no dialogue will emerge with prominent mechanical noises or giant crickets chirping in the woodlands and meadows, while the ear barely perceives an anaemic violin or trumpet wailing in the wilderness.

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ment to do another score for another western picture. After the third or fourth western picture, I asked if I couldn't have a different assignment because I didn't want to write altogether for western pictures. I knew I could write different kinds of music. I was not allowed to, of course."

Specialization is one of the things that happens in an industry. My friend had to write western music because through his first endeavors he had become a specialist in western music. But imagine the mind of a composer faced always with doing the same thing!

Music, however, is not a science,

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